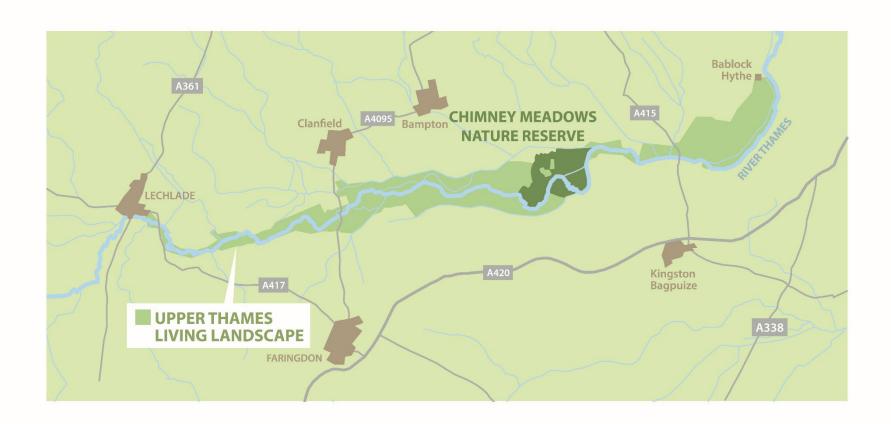


Chimney Meadows Wetland Restoration Project





Location





Chimney Meadows Nature Reserve



Look for these silent hunters flying over field margins at dawn and dusk. In summer, when they're feeding chicks, they can be seen during the day.



House martins perform aerobatic displays over the meadows in summer, snatching tiny insects on the wing to feed hungry chicks.



In winter, flocks of thousands of lapwing gather on the wet meadows. Listen for their "pee-wit, wit, wit-eeze, wit" call.



In spring listen for the bubbling call of a curlew. They lay their eggs in the long grass hidden from predators.

Wetland Pasture



Woodland Scrub Bird hides Picnic area



The meadows are speckled with the nodding heads of thousands of delicate yellow cowslips in late April/early May.



Roe deer are most active at dawn and dusk and can often be spotted grazing in the meadows.



The peaceful meanders of the old river are a natural playground for otters. Spot their droppings (spraint) near the Thames Path.



Clouds of banded demoiselles flank the river bank in summer. Look for the distinctive 'fingerprint' on the males' wings.

You can help look after wildlife and livestock by keeping your dog on a short lead at all times. Much of the site is a sensitive conservation area. Please keep to the footpaths.



Water Environment Grant

- Funded by European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development
- Scheme overseen by DEFRA (NE and EA)
- Payments via RPA
- Approx. £2 million (£1,999,857.76)
- Grant offer 5 th December 2019





Partners



- BBOWT Client
- Atkins Principle Designers
- 5 Rivers Principle Contractors
- JCTR; Eliot Simons Project Management
- Adams Hendry Planning
- Environment Agency Grant/Technical Support
- Other smaller contractors Delivery/Surveys





Survey and Monitoring









Survey and Monitoring





Survey and Monitoring





1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning — The problem





1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning — The problem





1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning — The problem





1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning — Delivery





1. To improve fish passage and spawning opportunities — The solution







1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning — The outcome





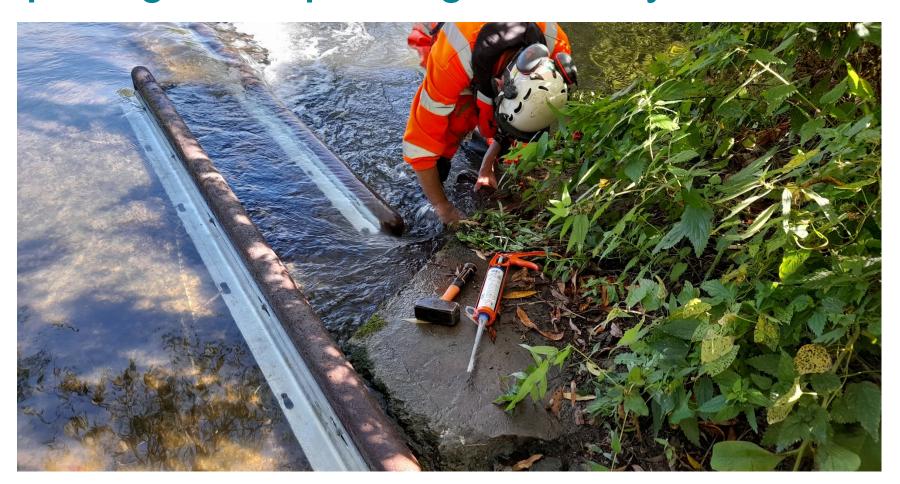
1. To improve fish passage and spawning opportunities — The solution







1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning — Delivery





1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning — The outcome





1. To improve fish passage and spawning opportunities — The solution





1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning — Delivery





1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning — The Outcome





1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning — The Outcome





1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning — The Outcome





1. To improve opportunities for fish passage and spawning - The Outcome





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — The problem





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — The Solution





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — Delivery





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — The Outcome





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — The solution





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — The solution





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — The Outcome





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — The solution





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — Delivery





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — The Outcome





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — Delivery





2. To restore and create new river and floodplain habitats — The Outcome





3. To reconnect the River Thames with its floodplain — The Problem





3. To reconnect the River Thames with its floodplain — The Solution





3. To reconnect the River Thames with its floodplain — Delivery





3. To reconnect the River Thames with its floodplain — Delivery





3. To reconnect the River Thames with its floodplain — The Outcome





4. To restore native flora and fauna — The Problem





4. To restore native flora and fauna — The Solution





4. To restore native flora and fauna – Delivery





4. To restore native flora and fauna — The Outcome





5. To prevent rural diffuse pollution - The Problem





5. To prevent rural diffuse pollution - The Solution





5. To prevent rural diffuse pollution Delivery





5. To Prevent Rural Diffuse Pollution - The Outcome





6. To maintain the SSSI floodplain meadows - The Problem





6. To maintain the SSSI floodplain meadows - The Solution





6. To maintain the SSSI floodplain meadows - Delivery





6. To maintain the SSSI floodplain meadows - The Outcome





7. To improve the visitor experience — The Problem





7. To improve the visitor experience — The Solution





7. To improve the visitor experience — Delivery



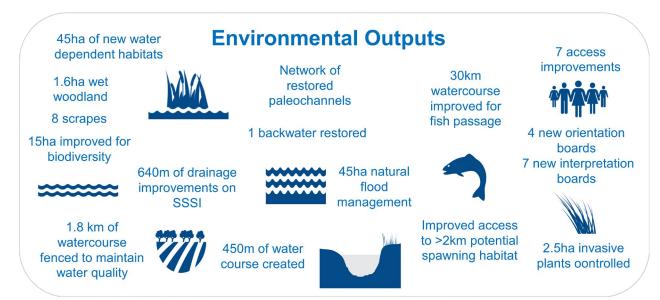


7. To improve the visitor experience — The Outcome





Project Achievements



Environmental Outcomes

- Healthier, more resilient fish populations
- Larger, more resilient water vole populations
- •More river and floodplain habitats
- Improved river and floodplain connectivity
- Less Himalayan balsam

- •Maintained/improved water quality
- Better drainage of flood waters off SSSI meadows, maintaining favourable condition
- People informed and inspired about the natural world
- Improved access for bridleway users/site maintenance





Thank you for Listening





This project was funded under the Natural England Designated Sites strand of the Water Environment Grant

For further information on the WEG programme please contact
wea@naturalengland.org.uk







